

### Updated: May 25th, 2021

| Revision | Date            | Changes   |  |
|----------|-----------------|---|--|
| 1.0      | May 12th, 2021  | Initial Release   |  |
| 1.1      | May 25th, 2021  | Updated assessment with impacted platforms, detection and mitigation. |  |
| 1.2      | June 9, 2021    | Updated assessment  |  |
| 1.3      | August 19, 2021 | Updated affected platforms,<br>fixed releases, and CVSS<br>Scores     |  |

### Description

This security advisory documents the exposure of Arista's Wi-Fi products to multiple publicly documented security vulnerabilities related to packet fragmentation and aggregation, known as Fragmentation and Forge. These vulnerabilities impact any deployments using WEP, WPA, WPA2 and WPA3 security methods with any SSID. The vulnerabilities span multiple vectors and types of attack.

The vulnerabilities are documented by Arista under Bug 561363.

| CVE            | Description  | CVSS  |  |
|----------------|--|---|--|
| CVE-2020-24586 | During a<br>connection/reconnection,<br>fragments are cached in<br>memory. This vulnerability<br>can be used to inject<br>fragmented packets; or to<br>exfiltrate user data if the<br>cache is accessed during the<br>connection.          | <b>3.5</b><br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:<br>L/I:N/A:N |  |
| CVE-2020-24587 | When reassembling packets,<br>the encryption key used on<br>fragments is not required to<br>be consistent. As a result,<br>unrelated fragments can be<br>mixed using valid keys. This<br>requires a "Man in the<br>Middle" presence level. | <b>2.6</b><br>AV:A/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:<br>L/I:N/A:N |  |

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| CVE-2020-24588 | A payload protected wireless<br>frame (PP A-MSDU) does not<br>protect the Present subfield of<br>the QoS header. As this<br>subfield is not authenticated,<br>the bit can be flipped to alter<br>the aggregation status of the<br>packet.  | <b>3.5</b><br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:<br>N/I:L/A:N |  |
|----------------|--|---|--|
| CVE-2020-26139 | During the authentication<br>process, the AP will forward<br>EAPOL frames, prior to<br>sender completing<br>authentication. Allows for<br>packet injection into an<br>encrypted networking during<br>authentication.   | 5.3<br>AV:A/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:<br>N/I:N/A:H        |  |
| CVE-2020-26140 | Plaintext data frames are<br>accepted, despite network<br>encryption. Allows for packet<br>injection into an encrypted<br>network.   | <b>6.5</b><br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:<br>N/I:H/A:N |  |
| CVE-2020-26141 | If using Temporal Key<br>Integrity Protocol (TKIP), the<br>Message Integrity Check<br>(MIC) will be skipped for<br>fragmented frames. Can be<br>leveraged for packet injection<br>and decryption against an<br>encrypted network. This CVE<br>is not applicable to the Arista<br>Wi-Fi Solution. | NA  |  |
| CVE-2020-26142 | AP will treat fragmented<br>frames as full frames. This<br>CVE is not applicable to the<br>Arista Wi-Fi Solution.  | NA  |  |
| CVE-2020-26143 | Plaintext data fragments are<br>accepted, despite network<br>encryption. Allows for packet<br>injection into an encrypted<br>network.  | 6.5<br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:<br>N/I:H/A:N        |  |
| CVE-2020-26144 | Plaintext A-MSDU frames are accepted on an encrypted   | 6.5<br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:                     |  |

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|                | network if the frame begins<br>with an EAPOL LLC/Snap<br>header. Allows for packet<br>injection into an encrypted<br>network.   | N/I:H/A:N   |
|----------------|---|---|
| CVE-2020-26135 | If a fragmented multi-<br>destination packet is<br>received, it will be accepted<br>on encrypted networks if the<br>fragment is plaintext. Allows<br>for packet injection into an<br>encrypted network. | 6.5<br>AV:A/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:<br>N/I:H/A:N        |
| CVE-2020-26146 | Encrypted fragments will be<br>reassembled, even if they do<br>not have consecutive packet<br>numbers. When combined<br>with fragment injection this<br>can cause users to process<br>malicious data.   | 5.3<br>AV:A/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:<br>N/I:H/A:N        |
| CVE-2020-26147 | Encrypted fragments will be<br>reassembled, even if other<br>fragments have been<br>received plaintext. When<br>combined with fragment<br>injection this can cause users<br>to process malicious data.  | <b>5.4</b><br>AV:A/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:<br>L/I:H/A:N |

# Symptoms

The CVEs discussed primarily create opportunities for packet injection attack vectors:

- Adversaries can inject/cause receipt of arbitrary TCP/IP packets that were never sent by the legitimate client or AP.
- Adversaries can exfiltrate data under specific conditions.
- Adversary can make the victim use the adversary's DNS server and intercept the victim's traffic.
- Adversaries can get access to victim's TCP ports that have active services listening (portscan).
- Adversaries may target delivery of illegitimate TCP/IP packets to any routable network devices.
- Adversary may route malicious traffic over operator network (hotspot mode).

# **Vulnerability Assessment**



#### Affected Software

• All available versions of Wi-Fi AP software as per the impact matrix below

#### **Affected Platforms**

| CVE ID | Access | Access | Access |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|        | Points | Points | Points |
|        | C-250  | C-120  | C-75   |
|        | C-260  | C-130  | O-90   |
|        | C-230  | C-100  | C-65   |
|        | C-235  | C-110  | W-68   |
|        | C-200  | O-105  |        |
|        |        | W-118  |        |

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